OFFICIALS DISCUSS SUGGESTIONS AND PLANS.

INTERESTING MEETING OF COMMITTEES OF THE AMERICAN RAILWAY ASSOCIATION-TO INSPECT THE APPARATUS OF THE

of passengers on American railroads was the subt of an animated discussion at an all-day meeting of railroad officials, representing the operating departments of the largest railroad systems of the country, held in the rooms of the National Rail-

change, No. 24 Park Place, yesterday. The American Railway Association, comprising 181 roads, operating 126,211 miles of track, the or-ganization which ten years ago induced the railreads of the country to adopt standard time, and in 1887 introduced a standard code of train rules on all the roads controlled by its members, has for some time had under consideration the principles which should govern the construction of an

This was the subject of yesterday's conference Although no decisive action was taken, much light was shed upon this subject, and much information of value to the standing committee of the association on Safety Appliances was gathered.

The railroad men present were members of a oint committee of the association, who had met to hear the report of a sub-committee on the block system. This sub-committee has been collecting re-ports from the operating departments of the com-panies forming the association sent in reply to questions as to the practice in this matter in the The answers varied greatly. Some of the Western roads, it appeared, have no block system at all-beyond the usual telegraphic orders between stations-while others prefer various kinds of apparatus radically different in construction.

The sessions were executive, but Secretary Allen, of the association, said to a Tribune reporter yesor the association, said to a Tribune reporter yes-terday afternoon that it was safe to say that two systems which are more widely than favorably known to railroad men would not be indorsed by the committee. The object, Mr. Allen said, was not to approve any particular system, but the decide what are the essentials of a perfect block system with interiocking switches and then to take action accordingly.

what are the essentials of a perfect block system with interlocking switches and then to take action accordingly.

Among those present were E. T. D. Myers, president Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, chairman of the Committee on Safety Appliances and of the sub-committee; C. H. Plait, general manager of the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad, representing General Superintendent Filmore, of the Southern Pacific Company; C. A. Hammond, superintendent of the Boston, Revere Beach and Lynn Railroad; T. N. Elychief of motive power, Pennsylvania Railroad; C. D. Hammond, superintendent of the Buware and Hudson Canal Company's Railroad; R. Pitcairn, general agent and superintendent of the Pittsburg Division, Pennsylvania Railroad; W. H. Canniff, general superintendent of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway; C. Duniap, general superintendent of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway; J. C. Moorhead, general superintendent of the New-York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Division of the New-York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad; C. W. Bradley, general superintendent of the Minneapolis and St. Louis Railway, and F. C. Rice, of the operating department of the West Shore; T. E. Clarke, general superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road.

The committee will inspect the block system of the New-Haven road to-day, and will look at the working of the apparatus used by the New-York Central and Hudson River roads to-morrow. The members expect to pass over the Central's tracks as far as Albany, returning to this city by way of the West Shore. There may be other sessions of the committee in this city on Monday and Tuesday.

A general change of time-tables on the roads of the American Railway Association will go into effect on December 12.

EXPORT GRAIN RATES DEMORALIZED.

THE JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE RAILROADS EN DEAVORING TO REFORM THE SITUATION. The Joint Executive Committee of the trunk lines and their Western connections met at the Trunk Line Association office yesterday. Commissioner Aldace F. Walker presided, as his resignation does not take effect until December 1. There were twenty-five roads represented, but President M. E. Ingalls, of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, sent his traffic manager to represent him. The significance of Mr. Ingalis's absence lies in the fact that his road, in connection with the Chesapeake and Ohio and its ocean steamer line from Newport News, has been making rates on grain for export which the other trunk fines have not been able to meet. The subject before the committee was the condition of through export rates to Europe, which have been badly demoralized for a postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents a nound on all appropriate of postage at 4 cents and appropriate at 4 cent long time. Frequent efferts have been made to re

store the tariff, but they have been futile.

At yesterday's meeting there were no recrimina tions, as it was generally admitted that all the roads had been more or less guilty in manipu rates on export grain traffic. It was conceded that a determined attempt must be made to restore rates and to devise some methods to assure their maintenance. A committee was selected to consider the subject and report to the full meeting to-day. The roads represented on the committee are the Pennsylvania, the New-York Central, the Erie, the Baltimore and Ohio, the Grand Trunk of Canada, the Lake Shore, the "Nickel Plate," the Pennsylvania Company, the Chicago and Grand Trunk and the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis. The Trunk Line Passenger Committee also met, but discussed only routine business. Several of the operating officers of the trunk lines were at the office of the association to discuss the future schedule of through Chicago trains. The New-York Central has announced its intention to discontinue the "Exposition Flyer" now that the World's Fair at Chicago has closed, but the management has received numerous protests from merchants against this step. The Pennsylvania Railroad objects to the Central's maintenance of such a fast train, but an effort will be made to compromise the matter and permit the Central to run a train something like the "Flyer." determined attempt must be made to restore

A COMPLICATED ROUTE ABANDONED. NEW ARRANGEMENTS IN THE THROUGH SERVICE

RETWEEN WASHINGTON AND BOSTON. Philadelphia, Nov. 9.-The Reading Railroad authorities confirm the report that the night trains between Washington and Boston via the Baltimore and Ohio and Poughkeepsle Bridge routes will be discontinued on November 19. Only one train has been run each way over this route, and the reason assigned for the abandonment of the service is the difficulty experienced in making connections number of different roads over which the trains have to be run.

the trains have to be run.

Baltimore, Nov. 8 (Special).—Baltimore and Ohio Railroad officials say that the Reading's new arrangement for New-England traffic will not, as reported, impair the Baltimore and Ohio passenger business between Washington and Boston. While the Foughkeepsle route gave the Baltimore and Ohio a through train to Boston, the company has another route by way of New-York and the coast lines, which, the officials say, is shorter, though a transfer has to be made at New-York. The Baltimore and Ohio will shortly put on two fast trains between Washington and New-York to cover the distance in five hours and twenty-five minutes, and make close connection for Boston.

the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad gave rise to a published story of a new "deal" between the Vanderbilt-Pennsylvania Railroad in-terests for the control of the New-England passenger business. J. Pierpont Morgan yesterday laughed at the report, and said briefly: "I don't know anything about it." Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New-York Central road, also said that there was no foundation for the story of any "deal." The story was founded upon the decision of the Philadelphia and Reading to abandon the through train from Eoston to Washington over the Poughkeepsie Bridge. The route is a most roundabout one, and is made up as follows: Eoston and Maine Railread from Boston to Northampton, Mass; New-York, New-Haven and Harstord from Northampton to Simsbury, Conn.; Philadelphia, Reading and New-England G'oughkeepsie Bridge system) from Simsbury to Maybrook, N. Y.; Lehigh and Hudson from Maybrook to Easton, Fenn.; Central of New-Jersey from Easton to Bethlehem; Philadelphia and Reading from Bethlehem to Philadelphia and Reading from Bethlehem to Philadelphia to Baltimore. Gwing to the multiplicity of connections required to be made, the through train has not been a success. president of the New-York Central road, also said

Baltimore. Owing to the multiplicity of connections required to be made, the through train has not been a success.

The reductions in train service to be made by the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford are understood to be for reasons of economy. The Colonial Express, on the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford, leaving Boston at 9 a. m., the 7 p. m. Washington express over the New-York and New-England read, and the 7 p. m. Washington express over the Boston and Maine, will be laid off, it is also said that the present transfer system in New-York City by which Washington trains are taken on board the transfer steamer Maryland at the Harlem River and conveyed to Jersey City without change will be abandoned by the New-Haven road.

WHAT PRESIDENT CLARK SAYS. New-Haven, Nov. 9 (Special).-President Clark, of New-Verk New-Haven and Hartford Railroad. denies many of the sensational rumors with reference to the proposed changes of trains over the Regarding those and the reports of the said to-night: "The saving of engine service for 554 miles is the great gain, while the public will be inst as well accommodated ewing to the present light travel. There is no intention of taking off of their the day Colonial or night Washington passenger service by the steamer Maryland, as reported. The Poughkeepsie bridge service by the COLGATE & CO.'S

1896 LAUNDRY SOAP.

Reading road is to be withdrawn on November 12, I am sorry to see so many sensational reports about the business of the New-Haven road. For two or three months there has been a shrinking in the gross carnings of about 10 per cent, less rather than more, and the management is reducing expenses in proportion. Unless some new conditions arise economies such as these are all that is necessary. We have about 21,000 names on our payroll. Our requirements for them are more than \$15,000,000 a year, say four times our dividend, and we expect to earn net enough to pay both as hitherto."

THE LOUISVILLE-CHESAPEAKE PURCHASE. A few additional details have been learned of he arrangement by which the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern Railway is to pass into the posession of the Louisville and Nashville. It is unierstood that the Louisville and Nashville is to sue to the Illineis Central a collateral trust bond secured on the second mortgage bonds and common secured on the second mortgage bonds and common stock of the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern and the securities owned by the last-named company. In consideration for this collateral the Illinois Central will indorse the ten-year 4 per cent notes made for the purchase money paid to C. P. Huntington. The Illinois Central also secures a favorable traffic with the Chesapeake road, although the transfer of the property is made directly to the Louisville and Nashville.

The \$5,000,000 new stock just authorized by the Louisville and Nashville steckholders will not be sold nor effered to stockholders at present. It is not to be used in conection with the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern purchase, but will be reserved for possible contingencies in case the earnings of the Louisville road do not improve.

ANOTHER READING AGREEMENT MADE. Philadelphia, Nov. 2.-Owing to a technical error in the wording of the agreement made a short time ago between the receivers of the Reading Railroad and the capitalists interested in the Speyer loan the case was reopened this afternoon before Master Crawford, Messrs. Pencoffs and Bijur, of New-Crawford, Messrs. Pencoffs and Bijur, of New-York, represented the bondholders who had previously agreed to the extension of the loan. Mr. Crawford stated at the beginning that in consequence of its having appeared that the receivers had been given a receipt at the time of the settlement with Ervin & Co., which the New-York counsel thought might be a bar to any future proceeding, it had been decided to reopen the case and adjust matters amicably. After some discussion between counsel an additional agreement was prepared which meets the approval of all persons interested.

RENEWED TALK ABOUT A CONSOLIDATION. There is a singular persistence with which reports spring up in Wall Street respecting the alleged consolidation of the Cleveland, Loraine and Wheeland the Cleveland and Southwestern railroads. The announcement is frequently made that the ails of the union have been practically settled, and yesterday the familiar statement was issued on the news agencies' sheets. It was said that the holdings by the Lake Shore of the Cleveland, Loraine and Wheeling stock, consisting of \$774,000 preferred and \$168,000 commen stock and valued by the Lake Shore at \$732,890, had been sold to persons interested in the Cleveland road, and the opposition to the extension was thus said to be overcome. It was learned, however, from well-informed sources that the stock owned by the Lake Shore has not yet been delivered. The Cleveland and Southwestern road, which it is proposed to consolidate with the Cleveland. Loraine and Wheeling, is yet to be constructed. It exists only on paper, and it is proposed, it is said, to issue \$2,000,000 bonds on the twenty-one miles which are to be built. yesterday the familiar statement was issued on the

NEWSPAPER MEN MEET AND DINE. ANNUAL GATHERING OF THE AMERICAN TRADE

PRESS ASSOCIATION. The American Trade Press Association held its annual meeting and ate its annual dinner at the Broadway Central Hotel yesterday. The following New-York papers were represented at the meeting: "Coal Trade Journal." "Cloak Review," "The Harness," "Iron Age," "The Upholsterer,"
"The Street Railway Journal," "Fire and Water," "The American Hatter," "The Spectator," "Dry Goods Econo-"American Exporter," "Flectrical World," "The Haberdasher," "Druggist Circular," "Wine and Spirits Gazette" and "The Jewelers' Circular." Among the delegates from out of tewn were C. M. Rausom, Boston; D. O. Hayes, Detroit; Daniel Stern, Chicago; E. Sprague, St. Louis, and J. K. Allen, Chicago.

Mr. Lillard, of "The Druggists" Circular," introduced a resolution condemning the abuses of the privileges extended by law in recard to "sample copies" of pipers.

session, are: President, W. J. Johnston; vice-presidents Benjamin J. Lillard, W. L. Terhune and W. M. Patien secretary, William Lawten; treasurer, L. J. Mulford; directors, David Williams, H. R. Elliett, Colonel Clifford Thompson and L. D. Gallison,

PROTECTION OF AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS The annual meeting of the National League for the Protection of American Institutes was held in its rooms in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Building, Twenty-third-st, and Madison-ave., yesterday afternoon. The objects of the League are to secure constitutional and egislative safeguards for the protection of the comm school system and other American institutions, and to promote public instruction in harmony with these insti-tutions and to prevent all sectarian or denominational ap-

propriations of public funds.

A report of the work done by the League during the
last year was submitted by the general secretary. The
members of the Board of Managers whose terms of effice expired at this meeting, were re-elected as follows: J Jay, William Fellowes Morgan, Churchill H. Cutt James M. King, Josiah Streng, T. J. Mergan and W. Hoppin. The full board will meet on November 16 to choose officers end all the standing committees for the Encouraging reports were made at the meeting yesterday of the number of candidates elected to the Constitutional Convention who had publicly declared themselves supporters of the principles of the National

The condition of Mme. Patti's health seemed to be con siderably improved yesterday. She will take a drive to-day if the weather is good, and it is thought that she can searcely fail to be well enough to sing as announced or

Sol Smith Russell will make a change of bill at Duly's Theatre on Monday and will then be seen in Weather's for the first time here.

Miss Ida Benfey will give readings from "A Tale of wo Cities" at the Berkeley Lyceum this a ternoon. At Herrmann's the beginning of a new season, under the management of J. M. Hill, will take place on Monday evening, on which occasion "Philemon and Baucis," by Gounod, will be given in English.

Corning. N. Y., Nov. 9.-The New-York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath is filled to overflowing. Superintendent William F. Rogers has sent the following circular to the commanders of G. A.

it impossible to accommodate all who apply for admission.

Every mail brings one or more applications from various parts of the State, while daily some report in person and seek admission. May I ask that you make it known to be useless for men to come here before making application in the usual way, expecting to be received, as it will be

TURKS EXCITE WONDER IN THE BOWERY

The Bowery was treated yesterday to a glimpse of the arrayed in garments of many hues, Oriental in design, and with many kinds of Columbian medals conspicuously tisplayed, walked along that thoroughfure, gazing at everything. They were the object of all eyes. and spokesman of the party said they were going ack to Damascus, and were anxious to get there.

THE ASSEMBLY BALL.

It has been decided to hold the Assembly Ball the winter at Sherry's, in Fifth-ave., instead of in the As-sembly Rooms of the Madison Square Garden, where they have been given for two winters. The first Assembly will take place on Monday, December 18, and the second

THE RESEMBLANCE OF TWO STATESMEN.

From The Boston Advertiser. From The Boston Advertiser.

There will have to be something done to distinguish Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, and Congressman Draper apart. At present their resemblance is so striking that to the ordinary person they look exactly alike. Their resemblance has already been the cause of many amusing and embarrassing complications, and they are constantly being taken for each other. The Hopedale Congressman weighs more than the great Senate apostle of protection, and he wears a shorter coat, but outside of these characteristics the two men are twinlike in their resemblance, and if General Draper should rise in the Senate some day when the name of "Aldrich" was called and answer to that name, there would be few who would know that the wrong man had done the answering. BOTH SIDES CONFIDENT.

YALE AND PENNSYLVANIA EACH SURE OF VICTORY TO-MORROW.

A BIG PHILADELPHIA CONTINGENT EXPECTED-HARVARD WILL BE ON HAND TO

victory, and by to-morrow night considerable money takely to change hands. Little betting has been in hitely to change hands. Little betting has been in-dulged in so far, and the general odds to-morrow are likely to be about 2 to 1 in favor of Yale. The even letting will probably be that Yale will win by 15 points. In Philadelphia the livellest interest is felt in the coming battle, and a larger number of Quaker City en-thusiacts will come to town to witness the game than were ever before seen here at any outdoor sport. The were ever before seen here as a present that their team will win, and they show a disposition at present to accept even money on the result. The rush of Yale money will eventually on the result. The rush of Tau had the deliberate ones are likely to get as good as 2 to 1 for their money. The coach, Woodruff, is not satisfied with the Princeton game. He says that Captain Mackey and his men did not work the signals properly, and that in consequence the absence of proper team work gave the game to Princeton. He

have her hands full on Saturday.

During the eight years Yule and Pennsylvania have played, Pennsylvania has always been beaten, scoring in only two years, in 1885 and in 1889. The latter game was the best Pennsylvania ever played against the champions, Yale winning by 20 to 10. Yale's largest score was made in 1886, when Pennsylvania was shot out by 75 points to 0. Since 1889 Pennsylvania has gradually improved in her work, and Yole has won by a smaller score each year. In 1890 the score was 60 to 0; in 1891, it was 48 to 0, while last year it was 28 to 0.

Pennsylvania believes that she is just as strong in the line as Yale, and she believes that she has better backs. They propose to go at Stillman with a rush, and they believe that Yale's stone wall will be crumbled in the dust. Pennsylvania is nothing, if not aggressive, not unlike Yale in this respect, and a grand battle should result. A Yale man said yesterday that the champions would play the same trick on the "Penns" that they worked so successfully against Harvard two years ago. Should they get the ball at the start, the Yale man be-lieves that it will be rushed over for a touchdown within ten minutes' play and without once being out of their

have opened up offices in the Rodman House just like politicians, and they mean to do all they can to carry the day. They will flood the windows up and down Broadway with the colors of Pennsylvania and make their streamers wave thickly on Manhattan Pield. Philadelha will contribute nearly 1,500 spectators for the game.

Andrew Freedman, the sensible and always conteous sector for the Manhattan A. C., who has charge of Manhattan Field, is kept busy these days, and the creditors of the defunct Cherry Diamond Club will appreciate his efforts. Mr. Freedman's management of the affars of ages at an enormous expense to the manufacturers, while if the same quality of tobacco was yesteday recarding the Louisiana Lotters advertisement yesteday recarding the Louisiana Lotters advertisement by the said would work a hardship to the laboring

about 20 points, and a large delegation of college men will be present at the game. To-morrow the practice will

West Point, N. Y., Nov. 9.—An eight-light dynamo was blaced in the dynamo house of the chemical department o-day. The outfit has been loaned by Captain Philip, of the New-Yerk, and will furnish eight electric are lights to be blaced around the arems so that the cadets can practo 16 blaced around the around the following is in readi-tise football until 6 o'clock p. m. Everything is in readi-ness, and the poles will be placed on Monday and the light turned on for practice that evening. If hard practice will cave the Annapolis same, the cadets and their friends will leave no stone unturned.

Independence, Iowa, Nov. 9 .- Two standing starts, by Johnson to-day, he going the mile in 1:58 1-5, and th two-thirds in 1:21. For the first third he was paced by a runner, at which point the triplet took the lead and were at the half in 1:02 and at the two-thirds mile post in 1:21. From here the "quad" paced him over the tape in 1:58 1-5, last half in 56½ seconds. Johnson is the first rider to cover the distance at this way of going. inside of the two-minute mark. The old record held by

THE FIGHT MAY COME OFF IN FLORIDA. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 9 (special).—In response to a message from Richard K. Fox, the Bowden-Mason syndicate had \$5,000 sent by telegraph to New-York to-night, this being for the expenses of Mitchell and Corbett, whether the fight comes off or not. The probability is that the agreement will be signed at once, maming this city as the place of the proposed prize fight.

CLIFFORD IN WINTER QUARTERS.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 9 (Special).—The great Clifford, accompanied by a number of other horses belonging to Eugene Leigh, arrived here to-day to take up their winter quarters at Mr. Leigh's farm in this county. Elmer Railey lost by lockjaw to-day his yearling colt by Powhettan, out of Jamaica, by Lexington. The youngster was valued at \$5,000, and was a brother to Foxhall.

AN ENGLISH JOCKEY THROWN AND KILLED. Paris, Nov. 9.-The English Jockey Rowell was thrown in a hurdle race at Autauli to-day, and soon afterward died of his injuries.

RESULTS AT CLIPTON.

The races at the little Jersey track were witnessed by surprisingly large crowd yesterday. Here are the First race—Selling; three-year-olds and upward; one ille and a furong. Chief Justice, 7 to 5 and 1 to 2, rst; Lotion, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Hiram, taird, less McDuff, Headlight, Carmelite and Sir Rac also an. Time=1:57%.

Second race-Special weights; two-year-oids; five fur-longs. Milan, 9 to 10 ahr 1 to 3, first; Thepector C., 4 to 1 and 7 to 6, second; Lorinda, third. Shoke, Garnett cott, Hessie D. Bonnie Lee filly, Daiy and Heiche filly also ran. Time-1:0312. Third race—Three-year-olds: six furloags, fomanche, 9 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Wheeler, even and 2 to 5, second; Restraint, third. La Galatea coit and The Haron also ran. Time-1:16.

Fourth race—Three-year-olds and upward; five furiongs. Wah Jim, 2 to 5 and out, first: Lord Harry, 3 to 1 and 1 to 2, recond: Major Daly, third. Lizzie Crochet, Honest Tom and Billet Doux colt also ran. Time-1:02'z. Fifth race-Selling; all ages; six and a half furiongs. Convright, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, first; Madstone, 3 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Leconardo, third. Rolero, Dalsyrian, Pan-way and Kingstock also ran. Time-1:22. Sixth race-Selling; seven furiongs. Belwood, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1 first; Firefly 3 to 1 and even, second, Rhaftan, third. Montiece, Persito, Adjourn, Lord Mottey, Innovation, Brown Idle, McMurtry and Ada Blue also ran

CLIPTON ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY. First race-Selling; six and a balf furious. Airplant 122; Stonington, 119; Romance, 119; Bouble Cross, 118; Eclipse, 118; Gladistor, 115; Detroit, 114; Crocus, 111; Miss Kitty, 111; Lita, 111; Laughing Water, 111; Padre, 111; Tommy Dixon, 106; Miss Bess, 106; Deceit-ful, 108.

ful, 106.

Second race—Selling: five furlongs. Tornado, 110;
Johnny (late Brier g dilug), 105; Elberson, 102; Token,
101; Merritt, 59; George Dixon, 98; Robin Hoed, 98;
West Park, 96; Starling, 95; Intimited, 91; Tecasire
Trove, 91; Eleanora B., 51; Provert, 91; Jakie Josephs,
91; Chance, 91. Third race-selling; seven forlongs. Mexico, 112: Third Cousin filly, 101; Chiswick, 98; Willie McAuliffe, 94; Ingot, 94; Athelena, 91.

Alaho, 104; Airplant, 103; Terrifler, 101; Sir Richard, 96; Sir Knight, 87; Johnny (late Brier gelding), 86. Fifth race-Kilkenny, 112; Lucky Clover, 103; Old Pepper, 102; Foxford, 102; Balbriggan, 99; Rico, 99; Kirkover, 99; Captain T., 95; Darkness, 93; Oporto, 87; Eafield, 80. Eaffeld, 80.

Sixth race—Kingstock, 122; Aerolite, 122; Frank C., 119; Joe Malone, 119; Pretender, 119; Goldsten, 119; Troiks cott, 117; Seven, 117; Sam Bryant, 117; Woodban, 114; Themis geding, 114; Mendicant, 114; Sarmela, 114; Hopful, 114.

DIRECTUM FAILS TO BEAT HIS RECORD. Hartford, Conn., Nov. 2.-Beautiful weather prevailed at Charter Oak Park this afternoon with a rathe at Charter Oak Park this alternoon with a rather strong, variable breaze, too chilly to anticipate fast time. Directum was sent to beat his record. He did the mile in 2:08; quarter, 324; half, 1:03½; three-quarters, 1:33. He thus failed to beat his record of 2:05¼, by 2¾ seconds.

"AFTER MONEY AND VOTES."

PLAIN TALK TO THE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE.

EGBACCO MANUFACTURERS PROTEST AGAINST AN INCREASE IN THE TAX-IT WAS A FAMILY PARTY AND THEY FELT FREE TO SPEAK THEIR MINDS

Washington, Nov. 9 .- "You are after two things gentlemen: money and votes. This is a family affair, and we can talk plainly about it." So spoke J. F. Risou, of Danville, Va., one of the tobacco men, in his argument against an increase of the tax on manufactured tobacco, before the Ways and Means Committee this afternoon. Eleven men, representing the manufacturers of tobacc before the committee and argued at son length against any increase in the tax, upon the supposition-based, as they said, upon newspaper paragraphs—that such an increase was contem-plated. The members of the House Committee present were Chairman Wilson and Representatives McMillin, Bynum, Montgomery, Bryan, Turner and Breckinridge, of Arkansas. The men representing the tobacco interests were Dr. T. Spence, chairman, Cincinnati; Mr. Liggett, ouis; H. C. Nall, Louisville; B. J. Reynolds, Winston, N. C.; Mr. McGinniss, New-York City; E. H. Miller, J. F. Risou and J. G. Covington, Danville, Va.; Otto E. Snyder, Chicago; Charles Davis, Covington, Ky.; Mr. Parlett, Baltimore and Theodore E. Allen, New-York,

Dr. Spencer, who is a large manufacturer obacco, was the first speaker. He made an elaborate argument against an increase over the present tax of 6 cents a pound. He also urged the committee to repeal the provisions of the law outling leaf tobacco on the free list, on the ground grower or the consumer and kept the Government out of an annual revenue amounting to at least he said, would work a hardship to the laboring classes, for they consumed almost seven-eighths of

Theodore E. Allen, of New-York, secretary of in indersement of what Mr. Spence had said, Mr.

in indorsement in future."

In programmes in future."

In compact Atthict claims of the date of the compact of

here.

After the hearing the tobacco men proceeded in a body to the Treasury Department and saw Secretary Carlisle. They left the Department feeling reasonably sure that their views would prevail, and that the only modifications of the tobacco tax which the Treasury Department would recommend would have relation to facilitating the sale of leaf tobacco.

EXTRADITION WITH NORWAY.

RATIFICATIONS OF THE NEW TREATY EX-CHANGED-ITS PROVISIONS.

Washington, Nov. 9 .- Secretary Gresham and Minster Grip yesterday exchanged ratifications of the Norwegian Extradition treaty. This treaty, which was concluded on June 7, is a duplicate of the extradition treaty negotiated between the United States and Sweden and ratified on March 18, with two exceptions. These occur in the third article, and consist of the omission from the list of extraditable crimes of "housebreaking or shopbreaking" and "obtaining money, valuable securities, or other property by false pretences, or receiving money, valuable securities, or other property, knowing the same to have been embezzled, stolen or fraudulently obtained, when such act is made crim inal by the laws of both countries and the amount of money or the value of the property fraudulently obtained or received is not less than \$200, or

lently obtained or received is not less than \$20, or knoner 740."

There appears, however, still to remain ample provision for the extradition of embezzlers, for the sixth and seventh sections of Article II of the treaty read as follows:

"6) Embezzlement by public officers; embezzlement by persons hired or salaried, to the detriment of their employers; larceny.

"7) Fraud or breach of trust by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee or other person acting in a fiduciary capacity, or director or member or officer or any company, when such act is made criminal by the laws of both countries and the amount of money or the value of the property misappropriated is not less than \$20, or kroner 740."

It may be also that housebreaking can be held under the third section of the same article, which reads:

inder the thru section of the same article, which reads:

"(3) Robbery, defined to be the act of feloniously and forcibly taking from the person of another money or goods by violence or putting him in fear; burglary."

The new treaty is otherwise similar, in the list of offences covered, to all the conventions relating to extradition recently negotiated by the United States. It goes into effect thirty days from yesterday.

TO PREPARE APPROPRIATION BILLS Washington, Nov. 9.-Chairman Sayers, of the House Committee on Appropriations, will to-morrow send out notices to the members of the sub-committees on the Sundry Civil. Pension and Fortifications Appropriation bills to meet in the com-mittee-rooms on Monday, November 20, at 10 o'clock . m., for the purpose of beginning the preparation of these bills. The estimate for the Pension bill has been given to the committee, the Fortifications estimate is expected to-morrow, and the Sundry estimate is expected to-morrow, and the Sundry Civil will be received next week, in ample time for the committee. It is probable—although this has not been decided—that we sub-committee on the Legislative bill will meet on November 27. The members of the sub-committees thus summoned to Washington are as follows;
Sundry Civil—Sayers, O'Neill (Mass.); Brookshire, Cogswell and Cannon (III.).
Pensions—O'Neill (Mass.), Williams (III.), Coombs, Grout and Bingham.
Fortifications—Livingston, Breckinridge (Ky.), Washington, Bingham and Grout.

MR. CARLISLE AT WORK ON HIS REPORT. Washington, Nov. 9.-Secretary Carlisle has begun the preparation of his annual report to Congress, and it is announced officially that until the reand it is announced officially that until the report is completed he will deny himself to all callers on ordinary Department business. He will see only those who have made previous engagements or those whose business cannot be transacted with one of his assistants. This rule, it is said, will apply to Senators and Representatives alike. The Secretary finds that this course is absolutely necessary in order to enable him to complete his annual report in time to present it to Congress.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S CIVIL SERVICE VIEWS.

Washington, Nov. 9.-Secretary Carlisle to-day outlined the position of the Administration as to Government employes taking active part in politics, in a letter addressed to Mr. Murphy, collector of internal revenue for the Milwaukee district.
Mr. Murphy was recently elected chairman of the
Democratic County Committee. He has held his

"My Trade

will take anything I give them; they believe what I tell them; and I mean to sell them what I make the most on." That is what one grocer actually gives as a reason for selling washingpowders-imitations-instead of the original and best washing-compound—Pearline.

If grocers and customers were all like these, the millions of women who are now blessing Pearline would still be doing useless hard work. But when you come across such a dealer, don't let him put you off with anything except Pearline. JAMES PVI.E. New York

acceptance in abeyance until he could ascertain the views of his superior officers on the subject. By direction of Secretary Carlisle, Commissioner Miller to-day wrote to Collector Murphy a letter in which the intimation was conveyed that, according to the views of the civil service entertained by the Administration, it would be well to leave himself entirely free to devote all his time to the duties of his office. It is understood here that this outlines the policy which will be acceptable to the Administration.

SUICIDE ENDS A VARIED LIFE

AN ARDENT POLITICAL SUPPORTER OF BOU LANGER SHOOTS HIMSELF IN THIS CITY.

TWICE IMPRISONED BY THE FRENCH GOVERN MENT, HENRY VINCENT COMES TO AMERICA -LIVING IN WRETCHEDNESS-HIS

A once bright and promising career was brought

esterday to an unhappy end when Henry Vincent, a Frenchman forty-five years old, once known in Paris and London as one of the most accomplished journalists of his time, shot himself in his dingy room on the fourth floor of No. 81 Varick-st. Vincent's fail in life dates from his connection with General Boulanger. In the days when that accomplished adventurer foisted himself on the people of that country as the Savior of France, M. Vincent edited "La Patrie," the Bonapartist organ, which at that time was the chief supporter of Boulanger. When the Boulanger bubble collapsed "La Patrie" died with it. With the suicide of Boulanger, Vincent's last hope vanished. He gave way to drink, and then, ruined in pocket, reputation and mind, loitered about the restaurants of paris until fourteen months ago, when he resolved to try his fortunes in this country. What he did while here is matter for considerable doubt. The police describe him "for police reasons" as a rope maker, though it is not known that he ever had the slightest connection with anything like a trade. He contributed articles on America to certain French papers, and the people in the house say the Trademark Association; Mr. McGinniss, of that he was never absolutely penniless. He was New-York, and Mr. Liggett, of St. Louis, spoke well known in the liquor stores around the neighborhood, where the loafers called him "Doc," prob-

a petition for his release, and President Carnot granted it.

"While in prison he had contracted brain fever from exposure and brooding over the loss of his property, and for nearly two years afterward he was subject to periodical attacks of insanity. For the following nine years his insanity took the form of hallucinations. He arrived in this country last May, went into the advertising business with Oscar J. Gude, No. 33 Hudson-st. Here he did well, and seemed contented and happy. He was doubtless under one of his hallucinations when he took his life."

EMMA WILLARD ASSOCIATION MEETS.

AN INTERESTING GATHERING AT THE WINDSOR HOTEL.

The Emma Willard Association, composed of graduates of the Troy Female Seminary, held a meeting and reunion at the Windsor Hotel yesterday. There are about 800 members of the association and over 200 were present. Every State in the Union was represented, and several of those present travelled across the continent for the express purpose of attending the meeting. Mrs. Russell Sage, president of the association, presided. The reunion based ready all day, and ended in a dinner at which adverted to the continent of the continent o astel nearly all day, and ended in a dinner at which addresses were made by a number of members.

The seminary was founded in 1831. The Emma Willard

Association was founded three years ag). Mr. Sage has recently given \$100,000 to the institution for a new buildrecently given \$100,000 to the Institution for a new build-inc. Among those present were Mrs. E. T. Baltsell, who was a Miss Pell. Her father was a sea captain, and it was on his ship that Emma Willard wrote "Rocked in the Craile of the Deep." Elizabeth Cady Stanton was pres-ent, and heard the story retold how she threw the college bell downstairs one night and aroused the institution. Others present were Susan B. Anthony, Evelyn Baker Harvier, Mrs. Henry Shoemaker, Mrs. James B. Colgate, Mrs. Ira Bianchard, Mrs. Henry A. Street, Mrs. C. L. McArthur, Mrs. William Whittlesey, Mrs. George P. Lud-lam, Mrs. Jay Hart, Mrs. Horace D. Sherrill, Mrs. William C. Spelman, Mrs. A. D. Gillette, Mrs. J. B. Thompson, Mrs. John Currey, Mrs. J. H. Furman, Miss Thompson, Mrs. W. H. Gould, Mrs. J. Romeyn Mallory, Mrs. Cliver B. Leonard, Mrs. J. Hudson Peck, Mrs. Henry Galusha, Mrs. Robert Fuiton Crary, Mrs. Robert Colwell, Mrs. Jacob G. Yost, Mrs. Willard Brownson, Dr. Sarah G. McNutt, Mrs. Lyman B. Goff, Mrs. Charles W. Berney, Mrs. Harold Crane, Mrs. Charles Sheldon, Mrs. Howard W. Lapsley, Mrs. J. S. T. Stranahan, Mrs. D. F. R. Runyon, Mrs. H. E. Stevens, Mrs. Serah J. Patterson and Mrs. Henry B. Mason.

INAUGURATION OF MAYOR SWIFT.

Chicago, Nov. 9.-Alderman George B. Swift sat in the black-draped chair of the Mayor in the City Council Chamber to-night as Mayor pro tem. of Chicago. His quiet inauguration was witnessed by a large number of people. In his vacant Aldermanic seat was placed a towering mass of chrysanthemums seat was placed a towering mass of chrysanthemums and roses. He made no speech after taking the oath of office and the regular business of the Council, which has been interrupted by the assassination of Mayor Harrison and the political conflict, was taken up at once. The question of cooperating with the directors of the Exposition in regard to removing the Manufactures Building to the lake front park at a cost of \$500,000 to the city came up, but the Aldermen did not regard the project favorably.

PRIZES FOR DAIRY EXHIBITS AT CHICAGO. Rockville, Conn., Nov. 9.-A. M. Bancroft, secretary of the Connecticut Creamery Association, has received official notice that the Connecticut dairy exhibit at the World's Fair in October won the sec-ond award in competition with twelve States and Canada, scoring 33.38. New-Hampshire was first, its score being 94.07. The Connecticut exhibit included entries from thirty-six co-operative creameries, sev-enteen private dairies and twelve cheese factories.

THE SUIT AGAINST NELSON J. WATERBURY. Catherine L. Kernochan filed a lispendens yes erday in a suit against Nelson J. Waterbury his wife and John McQuade, to foreclose a mortgage made by Mr. Waterbury and his wife, date March 21, 1890, for \$5,000, payable in three years on the property No. 13 West Fifty-sixth-st.

Richard Stevens, whose marriage to Miss Elsie Stevens,

a cousin twice removed, takes place to morrow, last night gave his farewell bachelor dinner in one of the private dining-rooms of the Hotel Brunswick. Mr. Stevens's guests were Robert Stevens, who will be best man at the wooding; E. A. Lewie, Valentine G. Hall, Dwight Porter, O. S. Campbell, W. W. Reeso, A. W. Post, G. T. Warren and F. B. Stevens, ir.

MISSIONS MIXED WITH POLITICS.

LIVELY DEBATE IN THE MISSIONARY COM-MITTEE OF THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 9 .- After a debate of nearly six hours, which covered the greater por-tion of two sessions, the General Missionary Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church this afternoon decided upon the sum of \$1,150,000 as the total to be appropriated for the work of domestic

and foreign missions for the ensuing fiscal year.

This result was not attained until nearly twoscore speeches-many of them of a semi-political character-had been addressed to the committee. The silver question, the tariff issue and the effect upon industrial and commercial conditions of Tues-day's elections entered into the consideration of the probable revenues of the mission cause for the next two or three years. The most pointed re-marks were those of Bishop Walden just before the vote was taken. He said that it would be well to go light in the matter of appropriations until after the next Presidential election. "Until then," said the bishop, "we will have no settled financial or commercial conditions. We have three years before us of an unsettled industrial and financial state of things. I do not believe that the times will improve until the next President is elected. (Applause.) I do not know whether we had a pointer on Tuesday (loud applause), but I trust we did." This was greeted with prolonged applause.

applause.

The Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, Editor of "The Christian Advocate," of New-York, in the course of an energetic speech, expressed the opinion that the financial stringency was not to be overcome by the repeal of the Sherman law. There was yet, in his opinion, a heavy strain before the country. The causes of the present depression were deep and general, and it was to be feared that the worst was yet, to come.

yet to come.

Delegate Alden Spear, who is president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, insisted, with emphasis, that the existing financial situation was due to the fear of American manufacturers that radical changes would be made in the tariff.

Bishop Warren followed, scoring the United States Senate, and then the other side had its turn. The Rev. Dr. Day, pastor of Calvary Church, New-York, was its principal spokesman. His remarks, delivered in stentorian tones, elicited repeated appliance.

plause.
"I protest against these utterances," he said. "and I do not believe that present conditions justify them. This committee, by such talk as it is indulging in, will make hard times harder. A reduced appropriation means that we must go to Africa and India, and ask them to bear a share of the hard times in the United States. Even a susgestion of such action should bring a blush of shame to our cheeks."

Bishop Andrews moved that the sum be placed at Hishop Andrews moved that the sum be placed at 1,150,600. This prevailed, and the conference adjourned until to-morrow morning.

LIBERAL PRESBYTERIANS.

CLOSE OF THE CLEVELAND CONFERENCE-RESO-LUTIONS DEFINING THEIR POSITION ADOPTED.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 9 .- The conference of Presbyterian ministers and laymen ended to-day. After adjournment the committee having the task of em-bodying the conclusions of the conference in a set of resolutions met at the Stillman. The committee consisted of the Rev. Dr. R. W. Patterson, of Chicago; the Rev. Dr. John P. Egbert, of St. Paul, Chicago; the Rev. Dr. John P. Egoert, of St. 7 and, Minn.; the Rev. Dr. Brown, of New-York City; the Rev. Dr. A. I. Fiske, of Ithaca, N. Y.; Dr. E. White, of Columbus, Ohio; the Rev. Dr. Nelson Millard, of Rochester, N. Y., and the Rev. Dr. Hiram C. Hayden, of Cleveland. Resolutions were then prepared, the spirit of which may be inprepared, the spirit of which may be in-

ferred from these which follow: We believe that the General Assembly has no right to the guise of interpretation, whether by deliverance or through judicial process, and further that interpretation of doctrine by the courts of the Caurch ought always to be strictly within the letter of the standards and with sacred regard to the broad and generous terms of the

We believe that the interpretation of one or two phrases sevision of 1870. We believe that the interpretation of one or two parases in our Book of Discipline, as meaning that a prosecuting committee should become, from the moment it enters on its work, independent of the court which appointed it, capable of living on, even after the judicatory has decided, and of prosecuting after the judicatory has acquitted, is a strained interpretation, leading logically to many absurdi-ties, and easily possible miscarriages of justice. If these phrases are fairly susceptible of such interpretation, they ought to be adminated from the book.

phrases are fairly susceptifie of such interpretation, buy ought to be eliminated from the book.

We believe that it is no part of the constitutional power of any court of the Church to warn honest and God-fearing men to withdraw themselves from its ministry or eldership because they cannot accept as binding upon them interpretations of doctrine which are outside the fundamental of the Confession, and which have never been letter of the Confession, and which have never been sanctioned by the Presbyteries in any legal way. This method of discipline by withdrawal, enjoined by resolution of a church court, is not provided for in the Book of Discipline. Such warning carries no obligation of obedi-

We call upon all Presbyterians to stand together in We call upon all Presbyterians to stand together in defence of reasonable liberty of opinion in the Church and of the constitutional rights of individual members, wherever assailed; and we heartily approve of the protest of Dr. Herrick Johnson, Dr. Niccolls and eighty-three others at the last General Assembly.

We do most urgently counsel our brethren who may be prepared entering their duty to abide in the communion

perplexed concerning their duty to abide in the communion and service of the Church, assured that in so doing they remain well within their constitutional rights.

The conference was called originally because it was feared a general movement of secession would be made by the liberals of the Church. There were present at the conference between forty and fifty representative ministers and laymen of the Presrepresentative ministers and laymen of the Pres-byterian Church, and twenty-five others were rep-resented by letters and telegrams. No communi-cation will be sent to the General Assembly next spring, but some action concerning this confer-ence will undoubtedly be taken by that body. If it is unfavorable, another conference will be called and further action taken.

SUCCESS OF THE CANDY SHOW.

SUCCESS OF THE CANDY SHOW.

If attendance is any criterion then the Candy Show, now in progress at the Lenox Lyceum, is one of the most successful shows ever given in that handsome hall. All day long large crowds of pretty girls, drawn by that powerful magnet, candy, move in and out of the building. A Boston-chip contest was in progress yesterday, and it was won by Thomas Williams. To-day a coccanulopening contest will be on the programme; it is to begin at 8 o'clock, and ten experts will compete. A dolls' said and loan exhibition is to be given to-morrow evening. Is and loan exhibition is to be given to-morrow evening. Is is to be under the auspices of the Kindergarten and Potted Plant Association, of which Mrs. George J. Gould is president. The money collected is to be used in the work of the society, and prominent actresses have promised to dress miniatures of themselves.

Last evening an unusually large crowd was present, and the fact that the bexes are free brought out a number of hand-ome costumes. Over 5.000 boxes of candy were given away yesterday, and a similar number are in reserve

FIRST OF A SERIES OF MUSIC RIDES.

The first of the series of public music rides, which are to be given every Thur-day evening during the winter, was held last evening at the Central Park Riding Academy, and was a gratifying success both to the riders and the spectators. A number of interesting military evolutions, led and commanded by Baron Von Mayer, were given by the

and commanded by Baron Von Mayer, were given by the ninety-six riders, who were some of the most skilful horsemen and horsewomen in the academy. The ride closed with an exhibition of tent negging given by Captain Turner of England. Among the riders last night were: Captain and Mrs. Wuerz, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Lowe, Mrs. C. P. Summer, Miss Summer, Master V. Summer, Miss Myers. and Mrs. Wuerz, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Lowe, ariser, P. Sunner, Miss Sumner, Master Y. Sumner, Miss Myers, the Misses de Pinna, Miss Freeland, the Misses Newborz, Miss Zerega, Mrs. Webb, Miss Pitney, the Misses Moller, Miss Amber, Mrs. L. E. Rosenfeid, Dr. Griswold, Professor Loomis, Dr. Loomis, jr., T. C. Cunningham, Professor W. R. Ware, C. R. Weeks, Lynwood Palmer, C. S. Disney, Garner Fleming, E. Veit, Y. H. Steinberger, L. A. Marks, Ignatz Straus, the Messrs, Zentgraf, Oscar B. Ballin, Elfas Rothschild and M. Figmon.

ANOTHER NEW PLAY IN GERMAN.

Manager Heinrich Coarted produced another new play last night at the Irving Place Theatre, called "Fallen Angels," by Richard Nordmann. The action of the play is brisk, and some of the scenes called forth rounds of applause from the large audience present. The acting of Mr. Conried's company was excellent. The play was well mounted, and will doubtless have a prosperous run.